In this investigation, you will use either:

- (1) Symbolab at https://www.symbolab.com/ or
- (2) Wolfram Alpha https://www.wolframalpha.com/examples/mathematics/calculus-and-analysis/

PART A - Derivatives of composite functions

- 1. We know:
 - a. the derivatives of polynomial based functions as well as any functions in the form of $f(x) = x^n$ using the power rule.
 - b. the derivative of sinusoidal functions, y = sin(x) and y = cos(x)
 - c. the derivative of the exponential function, $y = e^x$.
- 2. Use Symbolab or Wolframalpha to determine the derivatives of the following functions.
 - a. $y = (x^3 2x)^4$ b. $y = (4x^3 - x)^{-2}$
 - c. $y = \sin(x^2)$
 - d. $y = sin\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$

e.
$$v = \cos(x^4 - x^3)$$

- f. $y = \cos(e^x)$
- g. $y = e^{x^3}$
- h. $y = e^{x^4 x^3}$

i.
$$y = \sqrt{\cos(x)}$$

- j. $y = (\sin x)^2$ or also written as $y = \sin^2(x)$
- 3. Now that you have determined the derivatives of the given functions, explain any patterns in the derivatives that you notice. Hence, propose a conjecture as to how to take derivatives of the composite function y = f(g(x))

PART B - Derivatives of products of functions

- 4. Use Symbolab or Wolframalpha to determine the derivatives of the following functions.
 - a. $y = x^2 \sin(x)$
 - b. $y = \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \sin(x)$
 - c. $y = (x^4 x^3)\cos(x)$
 - d. $y = e^x \cos(x)$
 - e. $y = x^{3}e^{x}$
 - f. $y = (x^4 x^3)e^x$
- 5. Now that you have determined the derivatives of the given functions, explain any patterns in the derivatives that you notice. Hence, propose a conjecture as to how to take derivatives of the product of 2 functions: $y = f(x) \times g(x)$
- 6. Practice: Q3,acdegh and Q7acdeghjkno

3. Differentiate the following $e^x \sin x$ xlog_x (c) $e^{x}(2x^3 + 4x)$ (a) (b) $x^4 \cos x$ (f) $(1 + x^2) \tan x$ (d) (e) sinxcosx $\frac{4}{x^2} \times \sin x$ (h) $xe^x \sin x$ (i) $xe^{x}\log x$ (g)

7. Differentiate the following

(a)
$$e^{2x+1}$$
 (b) $2e^{4-3x}$ (c) $2e^{4-3x^2}$ (d) $\sqrt{e^x}$
(e) $e^{\sqrt{x}}$ (f) $\frac{1}{2}e^{2x+4}$ (g) $\frac{1}{2}e^{2x^2+4}$ (h) $\frac{2}{e^{3x+1}}$
(i) e^{3x^2-6x+1} (j) $e^{\sin(\theta)}$ (k) $e^{-\cos(2\theta)}$ (l) $e^{2\log_e(x)}$
(m) $\frac{2}{e^{-x}+1}$ (n) $(e^x-e^{-x})^3$ (o) $\sqrt{e^{2x+4}}$ (p) e^{-x^2+9x-2}