IM2 Problem Set 5.6 - Working with Exponential Functions

BIG PICTURE of this UNIT:

- How can we analyze growth or decay patterns in data sets & contextual problems?
- How can we algebraically & graphically summarize growth or decay patterns?
- How can we compare & contrast linear and exponential models for growth and decay problems.
- How can we extend basic function concepts using exponential functions?

Part 1 - Skills/Concepts Review

- 1. (CA) The half-life of a medication is the amount of time for half of the drug to be eliminated from the body. The half-life of *Advil* or ibuprofen is represented by the equation $R(t) = M(\frac{1}{2})^{\frac{t}{2}}$, where Ris the amount of Advil remaining in the body, M is the initial dosage, and t is time in hours since a dose was taken.
 - a. A 200 milligram dosage of Advil is taken at 11:00 am. How many milligrams of the medication will remain in the body at 5:00 pm?
 - b. Mr R is taking an Advil every 12 hours and he takes a 200 milligram dosage of Advil at 11:00 am, how many milligrams of the medication will remain in the body 12 hours later.
 - c. He then takes another dose at 11:00 pm, how many milligrams of the medication will be in his body at that time?
- 2. (CI) Evaluate the following expressions:

a. (i) $8^{-\frac{2}{3}}$ (ii) $25^{-\frac{3}{2}}$ b. (i) $3^{\frac{4}{3}} \times 3^{\frac{5}{3}}$ (ii) $(7^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}$

(iii) $16^{-\frac{5}{4}}$ (iv) $81^{-\frac{3}{4}}$ (iii) $8^{-\frac{5}{3}} \times 8^{\frac{6}{3}}$

- 3. (CI) Given the function $g(x) = 16 2^{x+2}$:
 - a. Evaluate g(-3), g(-2), g(-1), g(0), g(1), g(2)
 - b. determine the x- and y-intercept(s) if they exist
 - c. determine the equation of the asymptote of g(x)
 - d. sketch g(x), labelling the data points and intercept(s) and the asymptote.
- 4. (CA) A tool & die business purchased a piece of equipment of \$250,000. The value of the equipment depreciates at a rate of 12% each year.
 - a. Write an exponential decay model for the value of equipment.
 - b. What is the value of equipment after 5 years?
 - c. Estimate when the equipment will have a value of \$70,000
 - d. What is the monthly rate of depreciation

- 5. (CI) The expression $7^{\frac{1}{3}}$ can be rewritten in radical form as $\sqrt[3]{7}$ and the expression $7^{\frac{2}{3}}$ is rewritten as either $(\sqrt[3]{7})^2$ or $\sqrt[3]{7^2}$. Rewrite each exponential expression in radical form (and vice versa in Qb).

- a. (i) $5^{\frac{1}{2}}$ (ii) $4^{\frac{4}{3}}$ (iii) $2^{\frac{5}{3}}$ b. (i) $(\sqrt[4]{10})^3$ (ii) $\sqrt[6]{2}$ (iii) $\sqrt[4]{2^5}$

- (iv) $7^{\frac{4}{3}}$ (iv) $(\sqrt[4]{6})^5$
- 6. (CA) Percent Change Analysis of a Data Set. Mr S. gives you this data set and is asking you to analyze patterns in the data set in order to determine an equation in the form of $f(x) = ab^x$.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
f(x)	$28 \frac{4}{9}$	21 1/3	16	12	9	6.75	5.0625

Determine the "percent change" between each pair of terms:

% change =
$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{y_1}$$
; % change = $\frac{y_3 - y_2}{y_2}$; % change = $\frac{y_4 - y_3}{y_3}$; etc

- b. This creates an equation in the form of $y = a(1 + r)^x$. Use a data point to find the value of a and now, what equation models this data set?
- c. Secondly, now determine the "common ratio" between each pair of terms (you do this by dividing the successive y terms ==> ratio = $\frac{y_2}{y_1}$; ratio = $\frac{y_3}{y_2}$; r = $\frac{y_4}{y_3}$; etc
- d. Finally, what is the equation for this data set?

Part 2 - Skills/Concepts Application Problems

- 7. (CA) From 1990 to 1997, the number of cell phone subscribers S (in thousands) in the US can be modeled by the equation $S = 5535.33(1.413)^t$ where t is number of years since 1990.
 - a. Identify the growth factor and annual percent increase.
 - b. In order to see this function on your TI-84, you need to set appropriate window settings. Record your window settings that you used to see the graph of this model.
 - c. In what year was the number of cell phone subscribers about 31 million?
 - d. According to the model, in what year will the number of cell phone subscribers exceed 90 million?
 - e. Estimate the number of subscribers in 2020
 - Do you think this model can be used to predict future number of cell phone subscribers? **Explain**
- 8. (CI) Simplify the following expressions using the appropriate exponent laws and operations.
 - a. $\frac{(6x^3y^{-4})^{-2}}{(3x^2v^5)^{-3}}$
- b. $\frac{(8x^3y^{-4})^{-2}}{(-4x^{-1}y^2)^{-3}\cdot(2x^5y^{-3})^{-2}}$ c. $\frac{x^{-1}+y^{-1}}{(xy)^{-2}}$

- 9. (CA) In 1990 the cost of attending University of Math was \$15000. During the next 25 years, the cost has increased by an average of 5.2% per year.
 - a. Write a model giving the cost, C(t), at University of Math t years after 1990.
 - b. In what year did the tuition exceed \$30,000?
 - c. Estimate the tuition in 2020 the year you will attend this college!
 - d. Mr S has set up a college fund for his son Ian. This fund started in 2000 with an initial investment of \$30,000 and has grown at 5.8% every year. If Ian attends a three year program at U of Math, can this college fund pay for these costs? Show your work/reasoning.
- 10. (CI) Solve the following equations and verify your solutions.

a. (i)
$$2^{3-x} = 2^{4}$$

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$$2^{3-x} = 2^4$$
 (ii) $2^{x-3} = 2^{3x+1}$ (iii) $2^{2x+3} = 16$
b. (i) $2^{1-2x} = 8$ (ii) $3^{x+2} = \frac{1}{9}$ (iii) $8^x = 16^{x-1}$

(iii)
$$2^{2x+3} = 16$$

b. (i)
$$2^{1-2x} = 8$$

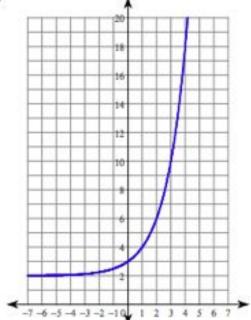
(ii)
$$3^{x+2} = \frac{1}{9}$$

(iii)
$$8^x = 16^{x-1}$$

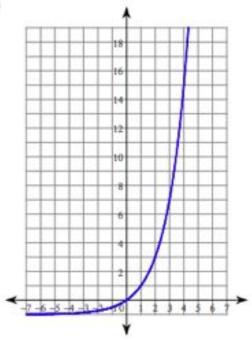
11. (CA) Mr. S would like to know the equation of the following exponential functions that have been graphed for you.

Write an equation for each graph.

7)



8)



HOMEWORK PROBLEMS:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.