BIG PICTURE of this UNIT:

- How do I determine the measure of angles in geometric shapes, without direct measurement?
- How do I solve for sides or angles in right triangles?
- How can I solve problems that require geometric models using right triangles??


## Part 1 - Skills Practice (After Lab 5)

1. Determine the angle that the line $y=2 x-3$ makes with the $x$-axis. DO NOT use GEOGEBRA!!
2. Determine the angle that the line $y=-3 x+2$ makes with the $x$-axis. DO NOT use GEOGEBRA!!
3. Determine the angle that the line $2 x-6 y=12$ makes with the $x$-axis. DO NOT use GEOGEBRA!!
4. A line goes through the points $\mathrm{A}(-2,3)$ and $\mathrm{B}(3,10)$.
a. Determine the slope of this line.
b. Determine the equation of this line.
c. Find the angle that this line makes with the $x$-axis.
5. Here are some diagrams of a triangles and a quadrilateral as created using GEOGEBRA. Determine the measure of all three (or four) angles. DO NOT USE GEOGEBRA to do this work ....

6. (HL EXTENSION Q) The lines $2 x+3 y=6$ and $y=-3 x-5$ intersect at a given point. Find this point as well as the angle between the two lines at this intersection point.
