

## What are Vectors?

A scalar quantity is simply anything in life that can be described by just a number
e.g. the temperature, my age etc

- However, a vector is a quantity that needs a direction as well for it to make sense.
=> Vectors have both magnitude (size) and direction
Examples
- Velocity $=$ speed + direction e.g. wind velocity is 20 kmh Eas $\dagger$
- Displacement = distance + direction e.g. displacement of Leeds from York is 25 miles W
=> Vectors are directed quantities



## What do they look like?

The most common notation for vectors is threefold

$$
\overrightarrow{A B}=a=\underline{a}
$$




## Properties

If different sized vectors have the same direction they are scalar multiples of each other
e.g. $m=k n$


## Resultants

The resultant is a single vector which is equivalent to a set of vectors e.g. the result of adding $\underline{a}$ and $\underline{b}$



Rewrite the following vectors in terms of $\underline{a}, \underline{b}$ and $\underline{c}$

i) $\overrightarrow{E D}$
ii) $\overrightarrow{F E}$
iii) $\overrightarrow{A F}$
iv) $\overrightarrow{A E}$
v) $\overrightarrow{D A}$
vi) $\overrightarrow{B F}$
vii) $\overrightarrow{E C}$
viii) $\overrightarrow{D F}$

Rewrite the following vectors in terms of $\underline{a}, \underline{b}$ and $\underline{c}$

i) $\overrightarrow{B A}=-\underline{a}$
ii) $\overrightarrow{C B}=-\underline{b}$
iii) $\overrightarrow{D C}=-\underline{c}$
iv) $\overrightarrow{A C}=\underline{a}+\underline{b}$
v) $\overrightarrow{A D}=\underline{a}+\underline{b}+\underline{c}$

i) $\overrightarrow{\overrightarrow{E D}}=\underline{a}$
ii) $\overrightarrow{F E}=\underline{b}$
iii) $\overrightarrow{A F}=\underline{c}$
iv) $\overrightarrow{A E}=\underline{c}+\underline{b}$
v) $\overrightarrow{D A}=-\underline{c}-\underline{b}-\underline{c}$
vi) $\overrightarrow{B F}=-\underline{a}+\underline{c}$
vii) $\overrightarrow{E C}=\underline{a}-\underline{c}$
viii) $\overrightarrow{D F}=-\underline{a}-\underline{b}$


- Exercises from Cirrito 26.3
- Exercises from Cirrito, 26.4

