

Math SL PROBLEM SET 36

Section A (Skills/Concepts Consolidation)

- (A1.1, A1.2 - E) (CA)** A series is defined as $\log_2(3) + \log_2(3)^2 + \log_2(3)^3 + \log_2(3)^4 + \dots$. What is the smallest value of n such that $S_n > 1000$? **(Cirrito 7.4, p221)**
 - (F2.7 - E) (CI)** Given the function $q(x) = 2x^2 - 3x + 2$, determine: **(Cirrito 2.4.1, p41)**
 - The number of x -intercepts of $q(x)$.
 - The value of K in the linear function $f(x) = -x + K$ such that the equation $q(x) = f(x)$ has only one solution.
 - Interpret the meaning of the scenario in Q(b).
 - (F2.6 - R) (CI)** Given the functions $f(x) = e^{2x+1}$ and $g(x) = \ln \sqrt{x}$; **(Cirrito 5.3.3, p131; 5.3.4, p138)**
 - Sketch each function.
 - Show that $(g \circ f)(x) = x + \frac{1}{2}$. Hence, are the 2 functions inverses of each other?
 - Find the equation for $f^{-1}(x)$ and $g^{-1}(x)$.
 - (C6.1 - N) (CA)** For the following functions, determine the value of $f(2)$ as well as determining an expression for $f(2+h)$, then use these values to determine the value of the difference quotient $\frac{f(2+h)-f(2)}{(2+h)-(2)}$. **(Cirrito 18.3, p592)**
 - The function $f(x) = x^3 + 2$.
 - The function $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+2}$.
 - (T3.4 - R) (CI)** The depth, $d(t)$ meters, of water at the entrance of a harbour at t hours after midnight on a particular day is given by $d(t) = 12 + 3\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right)$, $0 \leq t \leq 24$. **(Cirrito 10.5, p364)**
 - Sketch a graph of $y = d(t)$ for $0 \leq t \leq 24$
 - For what value(s) of t will: (i) $d(t) = 10.5$, for $0 \leq t \leq 24$; (ii) $d(t) \geq 10.5$, for $0 \leq t \leq 24$
- Boats requiring a minimum depth of K meters are only permitted to enter the harbour when the depth of water is at least $K + 0.5$ meters for a continuous period of one hour.
- (CA)** Find the largest value K , correct to 2 decimal places which satisfies the given condition.

Math SL PROBLEM SET 36

Section B (Skills/Concepts Practice)

6. **(T3.5 - R) (CI) SKILL:** Linear Trigonometric Equations. Solve the following equations on the domain of $-180^\circ \leq x \leq 180^\circ$:

a. $2\cos(x) - 1 = 0$

b. $2\sin(x) + \sqrt{3} = 0$

c. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\tan(x) + 1 = 0$

7. **(T3.5 - R) (CI) SKILL:** Linear Trigonometric Equations. Solve the following equations on the domain of $0 \leq x \leq 3\pi$:

a. $\sqrt{2}\cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) - 1 = 0$

b. $\sqrt{2}\sin(2x) + 1 = 0$

8. **(T3.5 - R) (CI) SKILL:** Quadratic Trig Equations. Factor the following expressions:

a. (i) $1 - \cos^2 x$

(ii) $1 - 4\sin^2 x$

(iii) $\sin x - \sin^2 x$

b. (i) $\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x$

(ii) $\cos^2 x + 2\cos x + 1$

(iii) $\sin^2 x - 2\sin x + 1$

9. **(T3.5 - R) (CI) SKILL:** Quadratic Trig Equations. Solve each of the following factored trigonometric equations given the domain of $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$

a. $\sin x \cos x = 0$

b. $\sin x (\cos x - 1) = 0$

c. $\cos x (\sin x + 1) = 0$

Section C (Skills/Concepts HW)

10. Quadratic Trig Equations; Oxford, Ex 13D, p456, Q3ab

11. Quadratic Trig Equations; Cirrito, Ex 10.4, p359, Q7a