# Math SL PROBLEM SET 88

#### Section A (Skills/Concepts Consolidation)

1. (CA6.5) (CI) The figure above shows the graph of f', the derivative of a function f. The domain of the function f is the set of all x such that  $-3 \le x \le 3$ .

#### (Oxford 9H, p308)

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- a. For what values of  $-3 \le x \le 3$ , does *f* have a relative maximum? A relative minimum? Justify your answer.
- b. For what values of *x* is the graph of *f* concave up? Justify your answer.
- c. Use the information found in parts (a) and (b) and the fact that f (-3) = 0 to sketch a possible graph of f on -3  $\leq x \leq$  3.
- 2. (CA6.5) (CI) Let  $g(x) = \int_{-2}^{x} f(t) dt$  where f is the function whose graph is

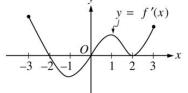
shown on the right.

- a. Evaluate g(1), g(0), g(1), g(2), and g(3).
- b. On what interval is g increasing? Why?
- c. Where does g have a maximum value? Why?
- 3. (T3.5) (CI) Solve the following equations on the domain of  $0 \le x \le 2\pi$ .
  - a.  $\cos(2x) + 3\sin(x) 2 = 0$
  - b.  $2\sin^2(x) 3\cos(x) = 0$
- 4. (CA6.6) (CI) A particle travels in a straight line with velocity (in m/s) at time *t* seconds given by  $v(t) = 3 \cos(t)$ .
  - a. Find the displacement of the particle for the time interval t = 0 to  $t = \frac{3\pi}{4}$ .
  - b. Find the total distance traveled by the particle over the time interval t = 0 to  $t = \frac{3\pi}{4}$ .
  - c. Find the acceleration of the particle at  $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$  s.
- 5. (CA6.4) (CI) Evaluate each definite integral.

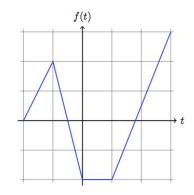


(Cirrito 22.6, p764)

a.  $\int_{-1}^{3} (-x^3 + 3x^2 + 1) dx$  b.  $\int_{-4}^{-1} -\frac{4}{x^3} dx$  c.  $\int_{-1}^{1} e^{2x-2} dx$ 



Note: This is the graph of the derivative of *f*, not the graph of *f*.



(Cirrito 10.4, p351)

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## Section B (Skills/Concepts Practice)

6. **(SP5.9) (CA)** The random variable *X* represents the annual consumption, in cubic metres, of water by households in the town of Hippsburg. *X* is normally distributed with mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation  $\sigma$ . It is given that 30% of households use more than 200 cubic metres annually and 20% of households use less than 120 cubic metres annually.

### (Cirrito 17.2, p557)

- a. Find the value of  $\mu$  and the value of  $\sigma$ .
- b. Find P(X > 190)
- 7. (SP5.9) (CI) Let *X* be a random variable that is normally distributed with a mean of 100 seconds and a standard deviation of 10 seconds.

(Cirrito 17.2, p557)

- a. On a diagram, shade the region representing P(X > 90).
- b. Given that P(X < k) = P(X > 90), find the value of k.
- c. Given that P(X > 90) = 0.84, find P(90 < X < k).
- 8. (SP5.8) (CA) In the city of Centreville one person in five is left-handed.

(Cirrito 16.3, p548)

- a. Find the probability that in a random sample of ten people from Centreville
  - i. exactly three will be left-handed,
  - ii. more than half will be left-handed
- b. Find the most likely number of left-handed people in a random sample of 12 people.
- c. Find the mean and standard deviation of the number of left-handed people in a random sample of 25 people.
- d. How large must a random sample be if the probability that it contains at least one left-handed person is to be greater than 0.95 ?
- 9. (CA6.5) (CI) Let  $f(x) = x^3 3x^2$  on [0, 4].

(Cirrito 22.5, p748)

- a. Find the net area between f and the x-axis.
- b. Find the total area enclosed by *f* and the *x*-axis.