

Math SL PROBLEM SET 46

Section A (Short Answer)

1. **(C6.2 - N) (CI)** Find the first and second derivatives of the following functions:

(Cirrito 19.3, 618)

a. $f(x) = 3\sin(x) - 4\cos(x)$ b. $g(x) = 5\ln(x) - 2e^x$ c. $y = 6 - \ln\left(\frac{e^3}{x}\right)$

2. **(F2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.6 - R) (CI)** Let $f(x) = \ln(x)$ and let $g(x) = \frac{x-3}{2x}$, $x \neq 0$. Find:

(Cirrito 5.4, p148)

a. $g \circ f(e^3)$ b. $g^{-1}(4)$ c. The domain of $f \circ g(x)$

3. **(C6.1, C6.2 - N) (CI)** Find the equations of the lines that are normal to the following functions, at the given x value. **(Cirrito 20.2, p649)**

a. $y = \cos(x)$ at $x = \frac{5\pi}{6}$ b. $y = e^x + 1$ at $x = 1$ c. $y = 2 - \ln(x^2)$ at $x = 4$

4. **(V4.2 - R) (CA)** Vector equations for lines L_1 and L_2 are given below. **(Cirrito 12.6.1, p432)**

$$L_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} + \lambda \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad L_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} + \mu \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a. Find the coordinates of the point where L_1 and L_2 intersect.
b. Find the angle between the two lines

5. **(T3.6 - R) (CA)** Consider the $\triangle ABC$, where $AB = 10$, $BC = 7$ and angle $CAB = 32^\circ$.

(Cirrito 9.5.2, p297)

- a. Find the two possible values of angle BCA .
b. Hence, find the two possible measures of AC .

6. **(P5.6 - R) (CI)** Two events, A and B , are such that $P(A) = \frac{9}{16}$ and $P(B) = \frac{3}{8}$ and $P(A | B) = \frac{1}{4}$.

Find the probability that: **(Oxford 3.4, p85)**

- a. Both events will happen.
b. Only one of the events will happen
c. Neither of the events will happen
d. Event A happens given that both events happen.

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Section B (Extended Response/Investigation)

7. **(V4.3 - E) (CA)** Lina is the captain of the oil tanker *Aristotle* and its path relative to the port of Orto (at the point (0,0)) is given by the vector equation, where t is time in hours after 12:00:

(Cirrito 12.7.2, p452)

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 28 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Find the position of the *Aristotle* at 14:30.
- Find the velocity vector for the *Aristotle* and hence the speed of the oil tanker.
- Write the Cartesian equation for the path of the *Aristotle*.

A second ship, the *Euclid*, is piloted by Jana and is stationary with a position vector of $18\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}$.

- Show that the two ships will collide and find the time of the collision.

To avoid collision, the *Euclid* starts to move at 13:00 with a velocity vector of $5\mathbf{i} + 12\mathbf{j}$.

- Show that the position of the *Euclid* for $t > 1$ is given by

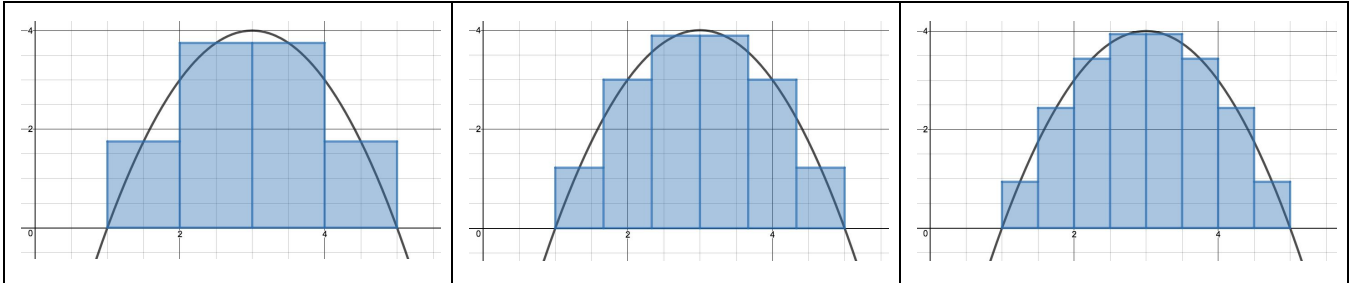
$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 13 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

- How far apart are the ships at 16:00?
- What is the bearing between the two ships at 16:00?

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8. **(CA6.5 - N) (CA)** Omar knows the speed of an object is given by $v(t) = -t^2 + 6t - 5$ and he also knows that the area under a speed-time graphs gives the distance travelled by the moving object. **(Cirrito 22.5, p748)**

- a. Find the acceleration of the object at $t = 4$ seconds.
- b. To estimate the distance travelled between $t = 1$ and $t = 5$, Omar has prepared three graphs, wherein he has drawn a number of rectangles under the curve (NOTE: the rectangles are “midpoint centered”)



- c. In each diagram,
- find the height and width of each rectangle
 - and then find the sum of the areas of the rectangles
 - and hence, estimate the total area under the curve
- d. How would you make your estimate more accurate?
- e. Now, use your TI-84, graph the function and then from the graph, go to 2nd CALC and then move to item 7: $\int f(x)dx$. Input the lower limit to be $x = 1$ and then input the upper limit to be $x = 5$. What is the exact area? What does it actually represent in the context of this question?
- f. In math notations, what you have just calculated is $\int_1^5 (-t^2 + 6t - 5)dt$