## BIG PICTURE of this Unit

- How can we extend our algebra skills to interchange between standard and factored form of polynomial equations? (i.e. synthetic division, factoring)
- Can we use our new polynomial algebra skills in order to find a method for solving EVERY polynomial equation (especially those that don't factor?)
- How can use the equation of a polynomial to analyze for key features of a graph of a polynomial (i.e. end behavior, multiplicity of roots, optimal points, intervals of increase/decrease).
- When and how can polynomial functions be used to model real world scenarios?
- 1. You are required to perform the following algebraic manipulations with polynomial functions: {6,9}

(i)  $f(x) = -2(2x-1)^2(x+4)(x-3)$  and (ii)  $f(x) = -3x(2x-3)^3$ 

- a. expand the polynomial
- b. detemine the leading coefficient, the degree, and the constant term
- c. State the leading term and predict the end behaviour of these quartic polynomials
- d. from FACTORED FORM find the *y*-intercept and f(-2)
- e. from STANDARD FORM find the *y*-intercept and f(-2)
- f. Sketch what you think the polynomial should look like
- g. Graph it using your TI-84 as well as DESMOS (but only after answering questions a f).
- 2. The volume of a box is modeled by  $V(x) = x^3 15x^2 + 66x 80$ . Graph in a standard view window. {5,8}
  - a. Re-adjust the window to a more reasonable setting. Justify your settings.
  - b. Factor the expression  $x^3 15x^2 + 66x 80$  and HENCE determine expressions for the dimensions of the box. (Use either the graph or use wolframalpha)
  - c. Evaluate and interpret V(3.5).
  - d. Substitute x = 3.5 into the factored equation and explain why x = 3.5 is NOT valid in our context.
  - e. Explain why x = 7 is inadmissible in the context of this question?
  - f. Suggest a domain for this model and explain/justify your domain.
  - g. Is there an optimal volume for this box?
- 3. Complete the following reflections, based upon your current understanding of polynomial functions. {1,6}
  - Reflect upon and write about any connections between the factored form of the equation and the graph.
    Include a picture or sketch to support your thinking.
  - b. Reflect upon and write about any connections between the degree of the polynomial and the shape of the graph. Include a picture or sketch to support your thinking

- 4. Use synthetic division to divide the following. At the end of the synthetic division state the quotient and the reminder. {10}
  - a. Divide  $x^2 + 3x 28$  by x + 5
  - b. Divide  $2x^2 5x 3$  by x 4
  - c. Divide  $x^3 7x + 8$  by x 2
  - d. Divide  $12x^3 + 2x^2 + 11x + 16$  by  $3x + 2 \rightarrow$  what's different and how do we deal with it?
- 5. Use synthetic division to help answer the following questions that deal with factoring polynomials. {10,11}
  - a. Example #1
    - i. Is (x-2) a factor of  $2x^2 + 3x 2$ ?
    - ii. Is (x + 2) a factor of  $2x^2 + 3x 2$ ?
    - iii. How did you use SD to help answer the question?
  - b. Example #2
    - i. Is (x-1) a factor of  $x^3 + 2x^2 11x 12$ ?
    - ii. Is (x + 1) a factor of  $x^3 + 2x^2 11x 12$ ?
    - iii. How did you use SD to help answer the question?
  - c. Example #3
    - i. Is x 1 a factor of  $3x^3 + x^2 22x 24$ ?
    - ii. Is x + 1 a factor?
    - iii. Is x 2 a factor?
    - iv. Is x + 2 a factor?
- 6. For the following polynomials, use DESMOS and your TI-84 to generate the graphs. We will focus our attention on the x-intercept at x = 3 and simply draw the sketches and record how the function behaves at the x-intercept. {6,16}
  - a. f(x) = (x 3)
  - b. f(x) = (x 3)(x 1)
  - c.  $f(x) = (x 3)^2$
  - d.  $f(x) = (x-3)^2(x-1)$
  - e.  $f(x) = (x 3)^3$
  - f.  $f(x) = (x-3)^3(x-1)$
  - g.  $f(x) = (x 3)^4$
  - h.  $f(x) = (x 3)^5$
  - i. Finally, go on line and research the term "multiplicities of zeroes" and explain what this concept means.



Higher Level Questions for More Complex Concepts OR an EXTENSION of basic concepts involved with Polynomial and Rational Functions.

- Research the Rational Root Theorem (<u>link to PurpleMath</u> → <u>http://www.purplemath.com/modules/rtnlroot.htm</u>) and here are two video from patrickjmt (<u>VIDEO #1</u> → <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GTx-rXTQg1o</u> and <u>VIDEO</u> <u>#2</u> → <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rP-\_\_zFngio</u>)
- 2. Predict the rational roots of the following polynomials and hence, factor the polynomials.
  - a.  $p(x) = 3x^3 + x^2 22x 24$
  - b.  $p(x) = 6x^3 + 5x^2 21x + 10$
  - c.  $p(x) = 2x^4 x^3 26x^2 11x + 12$