

**(A) Lesson Context**

BIG PICTURE of this UNIT:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How do we analyze and then work with a data set that shows both increase and decrease</li> <li>• What is a parabola and what key features do they have that makes them useful in modeling applications</li> <li>• How do I use graphs, data tables and algebra to analyze quadratic equations?</li> </ul>		
CONTEXT of this LESSON:	<p>Where we've been</p> <p>In Lesson 6, you learned about factoring quadratic expressions</p>	<p>Where we are</p> <p>We algebraically solve for zeroes/x-intercepts in quad fcns using factoring</p>	<p>Where we are heading</p> <p>How can I use graphs and equations to make predictions from quadratic data sets &amp; quadratic models and quadratic equations</p>

**(B) Lesson Objectives:**

- Review the algebraic skills of factoring
- Understand what solving a quadratic equation in the form of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  means in terms of graphs
- Use the skills of factoring to solve quadratic equations

**(C) Understanding Terms**

To SOLVE an equation means:

If  $f(x) = 2x + 5$ , solve  $f(x) = 0$

Verify GRAPHICALLY

If  $f(x) = x - 3$ , solve  $f(x) = 0$

Verify GRAPHICALLY

If  $f(x) = (2x + 5)(x - 3)$ , solve  $f(x) = 0$

Verify GRAPHICALLY

If  $f(x) = 2x^2 - x - 15$ , solve  $f(x) = 0$

Verify GRAPHICALLY

If  $f(x) = 2^x - 8$ , solve  $f(x) = 0$

Verify GRAPHICALLY

**(C) Practice with Solving by Factoring**

**More Quadratic Equations – Solve by Factoring**

Solve by factoring:

- |                                      |                                     |                          |           |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| 1. $x^2 - 2x - 24 = 0$               | 2. $t^2 - 3t - 18 = 0$              | 3. $z^2 - 6z + 5 = 0$    | 1. _____  |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 2. _____  |
| 4. $x^2 - 7x + 6 = 0$                | 5. $x^2 + 9x + 8 = 0$               | 6. $v^2 + 10v + 9 = 0$   | 3. _____  |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 4. _____  |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 5. _____  |
| 7. $x^2 - 10x + 25 = 0$              | 8. $y^2 - 12y + 36 = 0$             | 9. $10y^2 + 5y = 0$      | 6. _____  |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 7. _____  |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 8. _____  |
| 10. $8x^2 - 12x = 0$                 | 11. $x^2 - 21 = 4x$                 | 12. $t^2 - 20 = t$       | 9. _____  |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 10. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 11. _____ |
| 13. $2x^2 + x = 10$                  | 14. $4x^2 + 12x = -9$               | 15. $5r^2 = 12 + 11r$    | 12. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 13. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 14. _____ |
| 16. $3x^2 = x + 2$                   | 17. $5y^2 = 11y - 2$                | 18. $16v^2 - 8v + 1 = 0$ | 15. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 16. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 17. _____ |
| 19. $25y^2 - 10y + 1 = 0$            | 20. $x^2 - 1 = 0$                   | 21. $t^2 - 25 = 0$       | 18. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 19. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 20. _____ |
| 22. $16y^2 - 1 = 0$                  | 23. $4z^2 - 25 = 0$                 | 24. $x + 28 = x(x - 2)$  | 21. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 22. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 23. _____ |
| 25. $y + 12 = y(y - 3)$              | 26. $x^2 - 4x - 4 = 3x^2 - 5x - 3$  |                          | 24. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 25. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 26. _____ |
| 27. $x^2 + 2x + 3 = (2x - 1)(x + 5)$ | 29. $x^2 + x - 1 = (2x + 1)(x + 2)$ |                          | 27. _____ |
|                                      |                                     |                          | 28. _____ |

**(D) Changing from Factored Form to Standard Form**

You are now given pairs of zeroes/x-intercepts → you must write an equation of a parabola that has these zeroes, both in factored form and in standard form

Zeroes are $x = -3$ and $x = 5$	Zeroes are $x = 4$ and $x = 9$	Zeroes are $x = -1$ and $x = 11$
Zeroes are $x = -3$ and $x = 2.5$	Zeroes are $x = -3$ and $x = -3$	Zeroes are $x = 5$ and $x = -5$
$x_1 = \frac{2}{3}$ and $x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}$	$x_1 = \frac{5}{7}$ and $x_2 = -\frac{4}{3}$	$x_1 = 0.05$ and $x_2 = -0.20$

**(E) Solving Quadratic Equations → Application Problems**

11. A model rocket is shot into the air and its path is approximated by  $h = -5t^2 + 30t$ , where  $h$  is the height of the rocket above the ground in metres and  $t$  is the elapsed time in seconds.
- When will the rocket hit the ground?
  - What is the maximum height of the rocket?
12. A baseball is thrown from the top of a building and falls to the ground below. Its path is approximated by the relation  $h = -5t^2 + 5t + 30$ , where  $h$  is the height above ground in metres and  $t$  is the elapsed time in seconds.
- How tall is the building?
  - When will the ball hit the ground?
  - When does the ball reach its maximum height?
  - How high above the building is the ball at its maximum height?
13. **Application:** A small company that manufactures snowboards uses the relation  $P = 162x - 81x^2$  to model its profit. In the model,  $x$  represents the number of snowboards in thousands, and  $P$  represents the profit in thousands of dollars.
- What is the maximum profit the company can earn?
  - How many snowboards must it produce to earn this profit?
  - The company breaks even when there is neither a profit nor a loss. What are the break-even points for the company?
14. A computer software company models the profit on its latest game using the relation  $P = -2x^2 + 28x - 90$ , where  $x$  is the number of games it produces in hundred thousands and  $P$  is the profit in millions of dollars.
- What is the maximum profit the company can earn?
  - How many games must it produce to earn this profit?
  - What are the break-even points for the company?
18. **Thinking, Inquiry, Problem Solving:** Soundz Inc. makes CD players. Last year, accountants modelled the company's profit by  $P = -5x^2 + 60x - 135$ . Over the course of the year, in an effort to become more efficient, Soundz Inc. restructured its operation, eliminating some employees and reducing costs. This year, accountants are using  $P = -7x^2 + 70x - 63$  to project the company's profit. In both models,  $P$  is the profit in hundreds of thousands of dollars and  $x$  is the number of CD players made, in hundreds of thousands. Was Soundz Inc.'s restructuring effective? Justify your answer.

**(F) Practice – Graphing & Word Problem Context**

Apply to Problems → Mr. S. can sell 500 apples per week when he charges 50 cents per apple. Through market research, his wife (being smarter than Mr. S of course) knows that for every price increase of 2 cents per apple, he will sell 10 less apples.

- i. Determine an equation that can you used to model Mr. S.'s expected revenues.
- ii. What price should he charge to maximize his revenues?
- iii. What is his maximum revenue?
- iv. How many price increments are required such that his business has NO revenue?

Apply to Problems → The profits of a company in its first 13 months of operations are modelled by the quadratic function  $P(m) = -0.25m^2 + 3m - 5$  where  $m$  is the number of months (and  $m = 1$  represents January) and  $P(m)$  is measured in billions of pesos. (CALC INACTIVE)

- a. Determine when the company “breaks even”.
- b. Determine in which month the company maximizes its profits.
- c. What are the company’s maximum profits?
- d. Solve and interpret  $P(m) < 0$  given that the domain is  $D: \{m \in \mathbb{Z} \mid 0 \leq m \leq 13\}$
- e. For what values of  $m$  are the profits DECREASING? Explain how you determined your answer.
- f. Solve  $P(m) = -12$  and interpret