

(A) Lesson Context

BIG PICTURE of this UNIT:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> How do I determine the measure of angles in geometric shapes, without direct measurement? How do I solve for sides or angles in right triangles? How do I model real world scenarios using right triangles? 		
CONTEXT of this LESSON:	<p>Where we've been</p> <p>You know how to use triangle trig to find the measure of a side given an angle measure and a side length.</p>	<p>Where we are</p> <p>How we use right triangle trig to find the measure of an angle</p>	<p>Where we are heading</p> <p>How can I solve problems that involving geometric models with right triangles?</p>

(B) Lesson Objectives:

- Introduce the role of an inverse in mathematics
- Determine the measure of an angle using the trig ratios

(C) Inverses in Mathematics

- Explain how to solve the equation $x + 5 = 8$
- Explain how to solve the equation $x - 5 = 8$
- Explain how to solve the equation $5x = 8$
- Explain how to solve the equation $\frac{x}{5} = 8$
- Explain how to solve the equation $x^2 = 8$
- Explain how to solve the equation $\sqrt{x} = 8$
- One thing has been constant in ALL these examples →
- What does the equation $\sin(x) = 0.58$ mean in the first place?
- So how would we solve the equation $\sin(x) = 0.58$

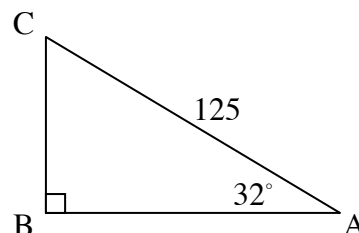
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Solving For Missing Angles Algebra 1

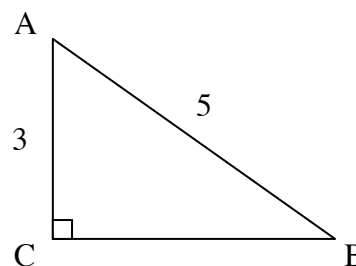
Today we will learn how to use right triangle trigonometry to find missing angles of a right triangle. In the first exercise, though, we will review how to solve for a missing side using trigonometry.

Exercise #1: Find the length of \overline{AB} to the nearest *tenth*.



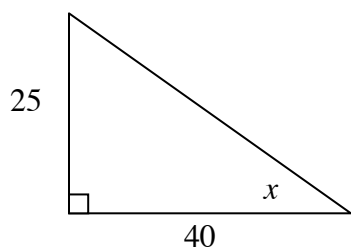
Solving for a Missing Angle – The process for finding a missing angle in a right triangle is very similar to that of finding a missing side. The key is to identify a trigonometric ratio that can be set up and then use the inverse trigonometric functions to solve for that angle.

Exercise #2: Solve for $m\angle B$ to the nearest *degree*.

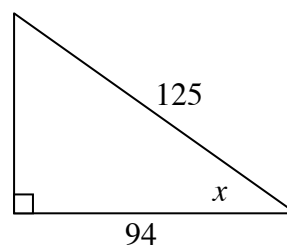


Exercise #3: Find the value of x , in the diagrams below, to the nearest *degree*.

(a)

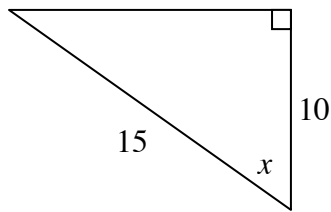


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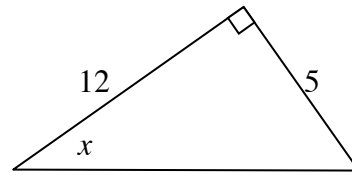


Exercise #4: Find the value of x in the diagrams below. Round your answers to the nearest degree.

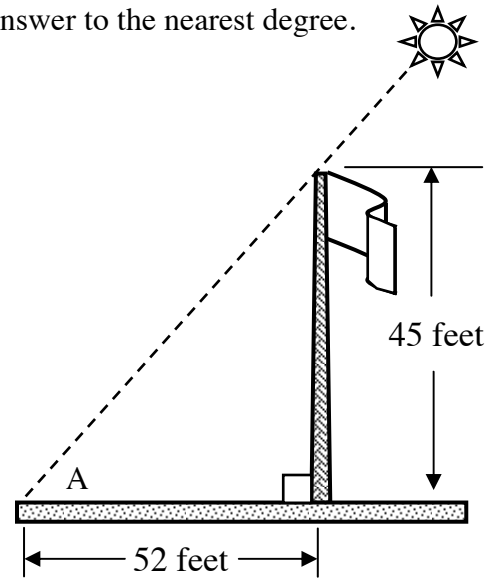
(a)



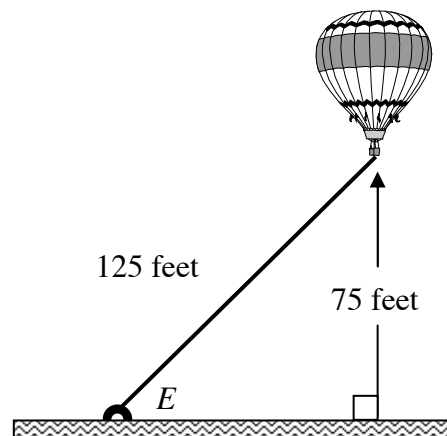
(b)



Exercise #5: A flagpole that is 45-feet high casts a shadow along the ground that is 52-feet long. What is the angle of elevation, A , of the sun? Round your answer to the nearest degree.



Exercise #6: A hot air balloon hovers 75 feet above the ground. The balloon is tethered to the ground with a rope that is 125 feet long. At what angle of elevation, E , is the rope attached to the ground? Round your answer to the nearest degree.



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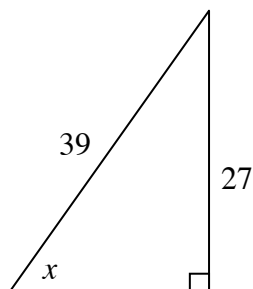
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Solving For Missing Angles Algebra 1 Homework

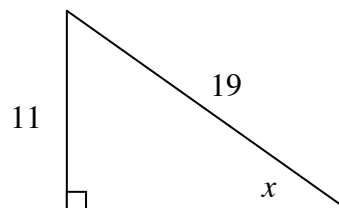
Skills

1. For the following right triangles, find the measure of each angle, x , to the nearest degree:

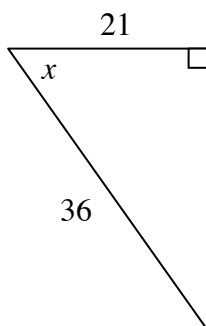
(a)



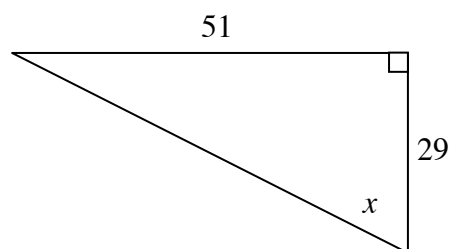
(b)



(c)



(d)



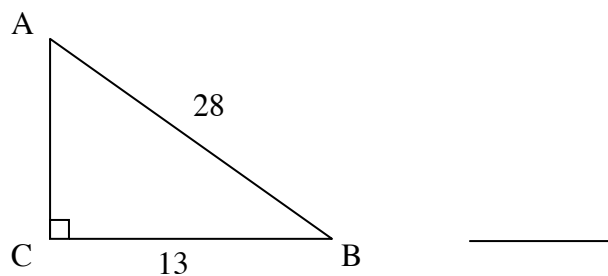
2. Given the following right triangle, which of the following is closest to $m\angle A$?

(1) 28°

(3) 62°

(2) 25°

(4) 65°



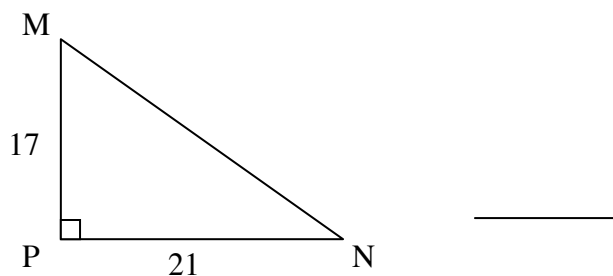
3. In the diagram shown, $m\angle N$ is closest to

(1) 51°

(3) 17°

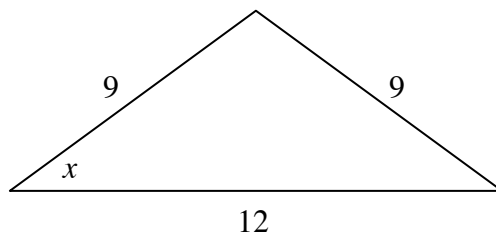
(2) 54°

(4) 39°

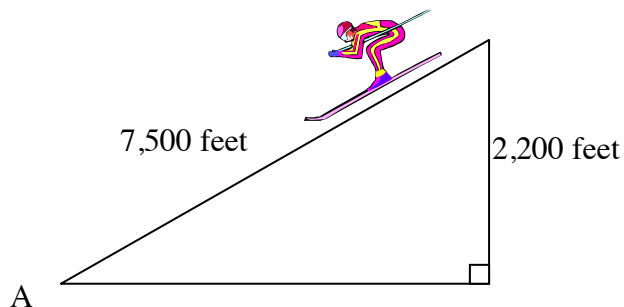


Applications

4. An isosceles triangle has legs measuring 9 feet and a base of 12 feet. Find the measure of the base angle, x , to the *nearest degree*. (Remember: Right triangle trigonometry can only be used in right triangles.)

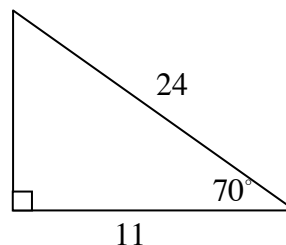


5. A skier is going down a slope that measures 7,500 feet long. By the end of the slope, the skier has dropped 2,200 vertical feet. To the nearest degree, what is the angle, A , of the slope?



Reasoning

6. Could the following triangle exist with the given measurements? Justify your answer.



Inverse Trigonometric Ratios

Date _____ Period _____

Find each angle measure to the nearest degree.

1) $\sin B = 0.4848$

2) $\sin A = 0.5150$

3) $\cos A = 0.7431$

4) $\cos W = 0.6157$

5) $\cos A = 0.5878$

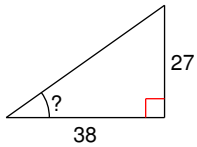
6) $\tan W = 19.0811$

7) $\cos A = 0.4226$

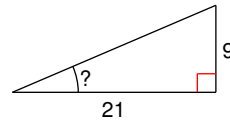
8) $\tan W = 0.5317$

Find the measure of the indicated angle to the nearest degree.

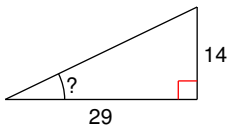
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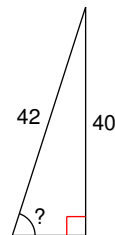
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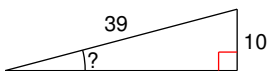
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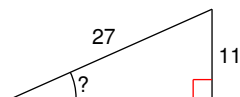
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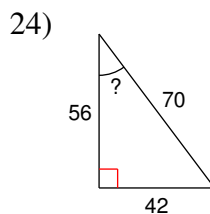
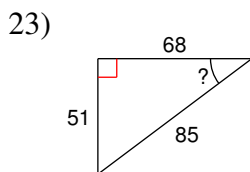
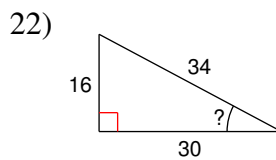
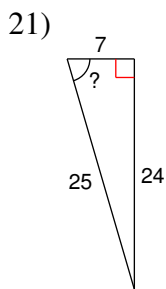
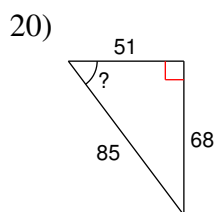
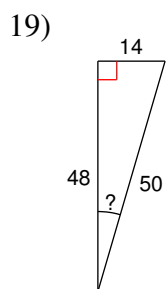
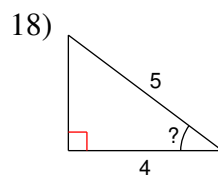
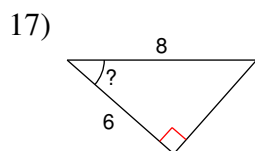
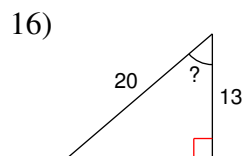
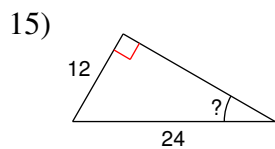


13)



14)





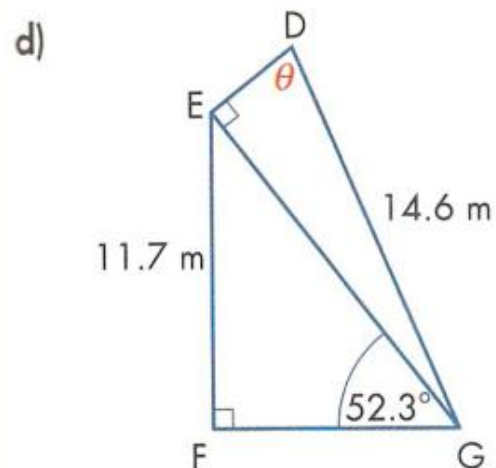
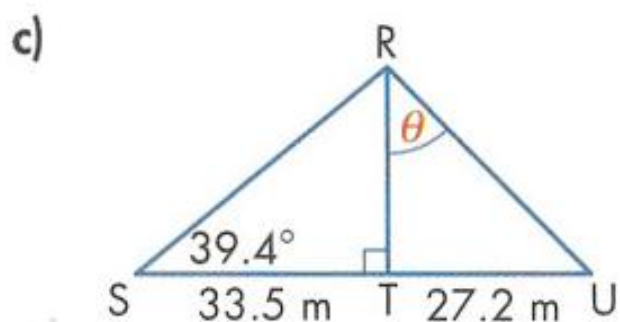
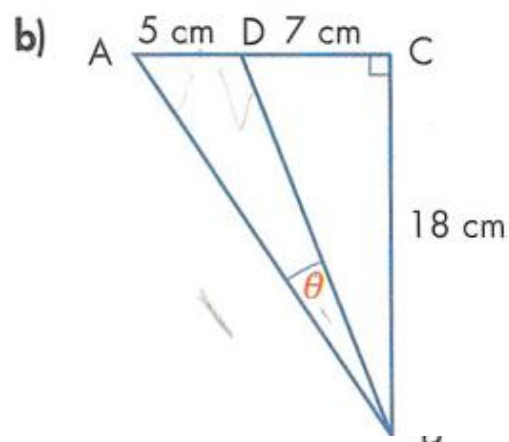
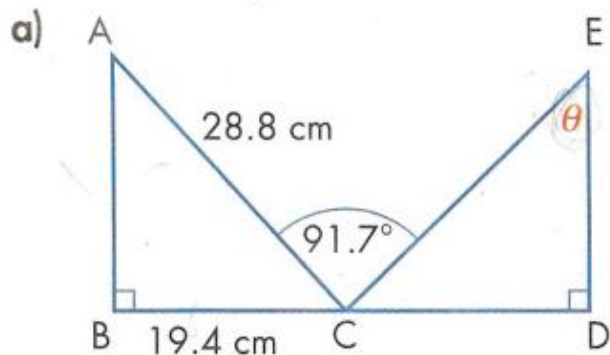
Critical thinking questions:

25) Find an angle x where $\sin x = \cos x$.

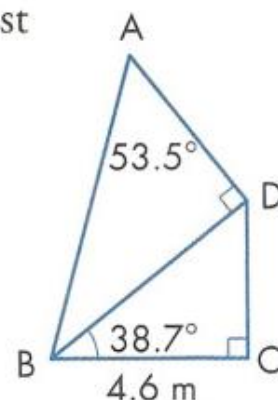
26) Draw and label all three sides of a right triangle that has a 40° angle and a hypotenuse of 10 cm.

Math 2 – 3D Triangle Trigonometry

4. Find the measure of $\angle \theta$, to the nearest tenth of a degree.



5. Find AB, to the nearest tenth of a metre.



6. Find RS, to the nearest tenth of a centimetre.

