

1. Simplify each of the following and express your answer in lowest terms (if applicable).

(6 marks)

a. $2^{-2} \times 8^2 =$

b. $(-5)^0 - \frac{1}{4^{-2}} =$

c. $\frac{2^{-2}}{2^{-3} \times 2^{-4}} =$

2. Expand the following quadratic expressions:

a. $5x(2x-3)$

b. $-2(x-4)^2$

c. $(2-5x)(3x-8)$

(2M)

(3M)

(3M)

3. Evaluate the following exponential functions for the given values of x.

(6 marks)

a. Evaluate $f(x) = 2 + \frac{1}{2}(2)^{x+1}$ if $x = 2$

b. Evaluate $f(-1)$ if $f(x) = 4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$

4. Factor the following quadratic expressions:

d. $9x - 36x^2$

e. $x^2 - 18x + 32$

(2M)

(2M)

f. $x^2 - 49$

g. $4x^2 + 5x - 6$

(2M)

(3M)

5. Write the following numbers in scientific notation.

(4 marks)

a. 310,600

b. 0.0000675

6. The following numbers are written in scientific notation. Rewrite each number in non-scientific notation.

(4 marks)

a. 1.61303×10^{-3}

b. 1.25E8

7. Simplify $\frac{(9 \times 10^{-3})(5 \times 10^6)}{3 \times 10^{-2}}$. Your final answer must be expressed in proper scientific notation.

(3 marks)

8. Solve the following equations:

h. $2x(x - 4) = 0$

(2M)

i. $x^2 + 5x - 36 = 0$

(3M)

j. $2x^2 - 15x = -28$

(4M)

9. Solve the following equations for x. Show the keys steps in your solutions or show your justification/verification for any that you solved using a guess & check method.

(6 marks)

a. $3^{x-1} = \frac{1}{9}$

b. $5^{x+1} = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{2x+5}$

10. Solve and verify $\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^{-x-2} = 32^{2x-3}$. (HINT: Can you re-express the bases using a common base?)

(6 marks)

11. Graph the following exponential equation: $y = -(2)^x + 4$. You are required to identify the (i) state the equation of the asymptote, (ii) y intercept, (iii) range of the function. You MAY produce a data table from the equation and include two additional points on the graph.

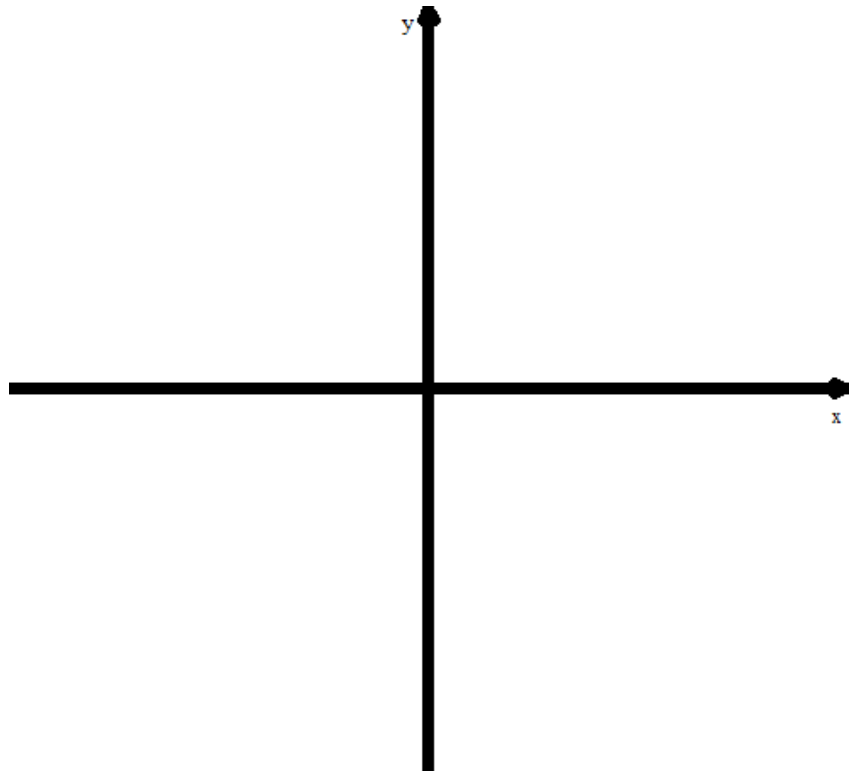
(7 marks)

EQN to be graphed: $y = -(2)^x + 4$

(i) Equation of Asymptote:

(ii) y – intercept:

(iii) Range:



12. A parabola has a vertex at (6,10) and it has a zero $x = -3$. Where is the second zero?

(2M)

13. Youssef thinks he knows that the quadratic function $y = 4(3 - x)(2 - x)$ has a maximum value. Explain how he knows that this is TRUE OR explain why you think that he is WRONG!

(2M)

14. Ms. A is standing on top of a building and throws a softball upward and forward to Mr. S, who is standing on the ground. The height of the ball above the ground is modeled by the quadratic equation $h = 120 + 10t - 5t^2$, where h represents height, in meters, above the ground and t represents the time in seconds since Ms. A released the ball.

You could make a sketch to visualize the information provided

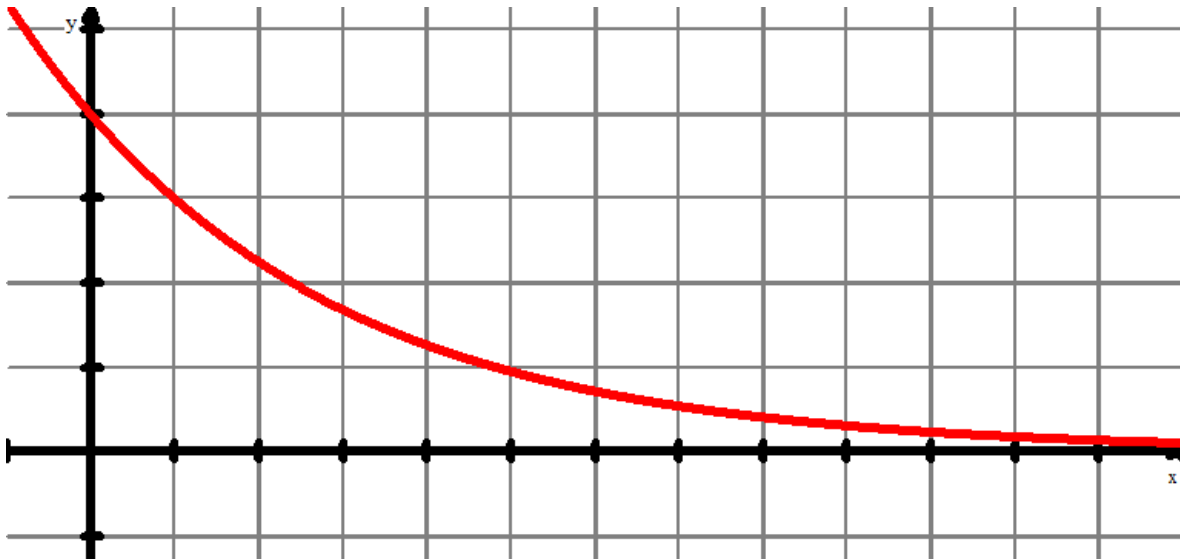
- a. How high is the building? **(1M)**
- b. What is the maximum height of the ball? **(3M)**
- c. At what time(s) is the ball 120 m above the ground? **(3M)**
- d. Determine the zeroes and explain what they mean in the context of this question. **(3M)**
- e. How long is the ball in flight? **(1M)**

15. Here is some information about a parabola, whose equation in factored form is $y = a(x - R)(x - S)$. The points $(-7,0)$ and $(4,0)$ lie on the curve of this parabola, as does the point $(-4,-48)$.

- a. Determine the equation of the axis of symmetry of the parabola. **(1M)**
- b. Sketch a graph, so you can visualize the information provided above. **(3M)**
- c. Determine the equation of the parabola. Write the equation in factored form. **(3M)**
- d. Write the equation in standard form. **(2M)**
- e. Use your equation to solve for the value(s) of x that give $y = 24$. BRIEFLY, explain the meaning of your solution. **(4M)**

16. Here is a graph of an exponential function, $y = c(1 + r)^x$.

(6 marks)



- a. This graph shows (a) exponential growth, (b) linear growth, (c) a constant negative slope, (d) exponential decay. (circle one choice)
- b. In this graph, the value of r COULD be: (a) $r = 0.25$, (b) $r = -0.25$, (c) $r = 25$, (d) $r = -25$. (circle one choice.) Explain your reasoning.
- c. On the same graph, you are going to make a second sketch of a function. In this second function, the value of c must be LESS THAN the original value of c and the value of $(1 + r)$ must be GREATER than that of the original function, although the nature/shape of the graph of your function MUST still be consistent with your answer from Qa.