



## Lesson Objectives

- 1. Develop the quotient rule us
- 2. Use the quotient rule to evaluate derivatives
- 2. Apply the quotient rule to an analysis of functions
- 3. Apply the quotient rule to real world problems

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## Fast Five

- 1. If  $H = f/g$ , solve for  $f$
- 2. Evaluate and interpret  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{-3}{x-2}$
- 3. Solve for  $x$  if  $x^2 - x - 6 > 0$
- 4. Solve for  $x$  if  $\frac{x+1}{2x-3} > 0$
- 5. Simplify  $\frac{6(x+5)^2(3x-2) - 3(3x-2)^2(x+5)}{(x+5)^6}$

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## (A) Derivatives of Rational Functions – The Quotient Rule

- Since the derivative of a product does not equal the product of the derivatives, what about a quotient?
- Would the derivative of a quotient equal the quotient of the derivatives?
- Since quotients are in one sense nothing more than products of a function and a reciprocal  $\rightarrow$  we would guess that the derivative of a quotient is not equal to the quotient of the derivatives

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## (A) Derivatives of Rational Functions – The Quotient Rule

- o If a rational function can be written in the form  $R(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ , rewrite  $f(x)$  as ?????? And determine the expression for  $d/dx$  of  $R(x)$

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## (B) Quotient Rule - Derivation

- o First, set up a division and then rearrange the division to produce a multiplication so that we can apply the product rule developed earlier

$$H(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$$

$$f(x) = H(x) \times g(x)$$

$$f'(x) = H'(x) \times g(x) + H(x) \times g'(x)$$

$$H'(x) = \frac{f'(x) - H(x) \times g'(x)}{g(x)}$$

$$H'(x) = \frac{f'(x) - \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \times g'(x)}{g(x)}$$

$$H'(x) = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$

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## (C) Examples Using the Quotient Law

- o Differentiate each of the following rational functions. Simplify the derivative.

o ex 1.  $f(x) = \frac{2x+5}{3x-1}$

o ex 2.  $g(x) = \frac{x^3-3}{1+4x^2}$

o ex 3.  $h(x) = \frac{x^2}{(x-2)(x^4-x^2)}$

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## (C) Examples Using the Quotient Law

- o Determine the equation of the line normal to

$$g(x) = \frac{2x^2 - x - 3}{x^2 - 1} \text{ at } x = 0$$

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## (D) Function Analysis of Rational Functions

o Make a 2 column worksheet. In the first column, briefly state what needs to be done and why and in the second column, do it!

o For what intervals is the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}$  concave down?

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## (D) Function Analysis of Rational Functions - HINTS

- o Determine the domain of  $f(x)$
- o Determine the vertical asymptotes and the behaviour along the VA using limits
- o Determine the horizontal asymptotes using limits
- o Determine the x- and y-intercepts

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## (D) Function Analysis of Rational Functions

o Again, make a 2 column worksheet. In the first column, briefly state what needs to be done and why and in the second column, simply do what you said needs to be done!

o Find the intervals of increase/decrease and max/min for the given function. Then sketch the function based on your intervals.  $y = \frac{3x + 7}{2x + 5}$

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## (D) Function Analysis of Rational Functions - HINTS

- o Determine the domain of  $f(x)$
- o Determine the vertical asymptotes and the behaviour along the VA using limits
- o Determine the horizontal asymptotes using limits
- o Determine the x- and y-intercepts

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## (D) Function Analysis of Rational Functions

o Again, make a 2 column worksheet. In the first column, briefly state what needs to be done and why and in the second column, simply do what you said needs to be done!

o Find the intervals of increase/decrease and extrema for the given function. Sketch  $f(x)$  as well.

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 8}{x - 3}$$

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## (E) Applications - Economics

o Suppose that the total cost in hundreds of dollars of producing  $x$  barrels of oil is given by the function  $C(x) = 4x^2 + 100x + 500$ . Determine the following.

- o (a) the cost of producing 5000 barrels of oil
- o (b) the cost of producing 5001 barrels of oil
- o (c) the cost of producing the 5001st barrel of oil
- o (d)  $C'(5000)$  = the marginal cost at a production level of 5000 barrels of oil. Interpret.
- o (e) The production level that minimizes the average cost (where  $AC(x) = C(x)/x$ )

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## (E) Applications

o The number of used cars that Qassem sells per week,  $t$  weeks after dropping out of Calculus class, is

$$N(t) = \frac{300t^2}{1+t^2}$$

- o (a) At what rate is the number of sales changing after the 1<sup>st</sup> week? After the 5<sup>th</sup> week?
- o (b) Does the number of sales per week decrease at any time during the first ten week period?

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## (G) Internet Links

o [Calculus I \(Math 2413\) - Derivatives - Product and Quotient Rule](#)

o [Visual Calculus - Calculus@UTK 3.2](#)

o [solving derivatives step-by-step from Calc101](#)

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## (F) Homework

o Text, S4.2, p234

o (1) Algebra: Q1-28 odds

o (2) Word Problems: Q36-47

o (3) Word problems: Q50,51,53,54,55 from pg 225

o (4) "A" Level, Worksheet (p72), Q2,3,5,7,8 & (p81),  
Q2,3,4