

## Practise, Apply, Solve 1.7, page 57

- geometric,  $r = 3$
  - not geometric
  - not geometric
  - geometric,  $r = -3$
  - geometric,  $r = 4$
  - geometric,  $r = \frac{1}{2}$
- geometric,  $r = 3$
  - not geometric
  - not geometric
  - not geometric
  - geometric,  $r = 6$
  - geometric,  $r = -1$
- $r = 5$ ,  $t_n = 3(5)^{n-1}$ ,  $t_8 = 234\ 375$
  - $r = 12$ ,  $t_n = -12^n$ ,  $t_8 = -429\ 981\ 696$
  - $r = \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $t_n = 4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} = \frac{1}{2^{n-3}}$ ,  $t_8 = 0.031\ 25$
  - $r = -2$ ,  $t_n = 6(-2)^{n-1}$ ,  $t_8 = -768$
  - $r = 0.1$ ,  $t_n = 0.2(0.1)^{n-1}$ ,  $t_8 = 2 \times 10^{-8}$
  - $r = 1$ ,  $t_n = 5$ ,  $t_8 = 5$
- $t_1 = 3$ ,  $t_n = 5 t_{n-1}$
  - $t_1 = 4$ ,  $t_n = \frac{1}{2} t_{n-1}$
  - $t_1 = 0.2$ ,  $t_n = 0.1 t_{n-1}$
  - $t_1 = 3$ ,  $t_n = -12$ ,  $t_n = 12 t_{n-1}$
  - $t_1 = 6$ ,  $t_n = -2 t_{n-1}$
  - $t_1 = 5$ ,  $t_n = t_{n-1}$
- $t_n = 3(7)^{n-1}$
  - $t_n = -4\left(\frac{-1}{4}\right)^{n-1} = (-1)^n 4^{-n+2}$
  - $t_n = 125(-0.2)^{n-1} = (-1)^n \cdot 15^{-n+4}$
  - $t_n = -2(3)^n$
- arithmetic,  $t_n = 10n + 20$
  - geometric,  $t_n = 4^n$
  - neither
  - geometric,  $t_n = 30\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n-1}$
  - arithmetic,  $t_n = -15n + 160$
  - neither
- $t_n = 2^{n-1}$ ,  $t_{10} = 512$
  - $t_n = -40\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} = -5(2^{-n+4})$ ,  $t_{10} = -\frac{5}{64}$
  - $t_n = 4(-1)^{n+1}$ ,  $t_{10} = -4$
  - $t_n = 8\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} = 2^{-n+4}$ ,  $t_{10} = \frac{1}{64}$
- dots of right side of upward parabola
  - dots of curve going upward to right through (0, 0.2)
  - dots of curve in first quadrant through (1, 5) and (3, 1.25)
  - dots alternating above and below  $x$ -axis in increasing magnitude to right (-1, 3), (0, -6), (2, 12), ...
  - dots in fourth quadrant curving up to right through (-2, 4)
  - dots above  $x$ -axis curving up to right through (0, 1)
  - dots above  $x$ -axis curving up to right through (1, 0.125)
  - dots in third quadrant curving down to right through (-1, -1)
- $t_n = \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n-1}$
  - $t_8 = -\frac{128}{2187}$
- \$28\ 500, \$25\ 080, \$22\ 070.40, \$19\ 421.95, \$17\ 091.32, \$15\ 040.36
  - $t_n = \$28\ 500 (0.88)^{n-1}$
  - \$10\ 249.58
- \$34\ 000, \$34\ 850, \$35\ 721.25, \$36\ 614.28, \$37\ 529.64
  - $t_n = \$34\ 000 (1.025)^{n-1}$
  - \$42\ 461.34
- \$1006.10
- $1.776 \times 10^{-12}$  g
- 81 920
- $t_n = (1.65 \times 10^9)(1.0135)^{n-1900}$
  - $7.21 \times 10^9$
- The value is multiplied by a factor of 0.75 each year.
- 1, 3, 9, 27
  - 2187
  - $3, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{27}{4}, \frac{81}{8}$
  - 34.17 units
- $t_1 = a$ ,  $t_n = r t_{n-1}$
- 11 a
- $a = -0.001\ 28$ ,  $r = 5$ ,  $t_n = -0.00128(5)^{n-1}$
  - $a = 4$ ,  $r = 2$ ,  $t_n = 2^{n+1}$ ;  $a = -4$ ,  $r = -2$ ,  $t_n = (-1)^n(2)^{n+1}$
  - $a = 2$ ,  $r = 3$ ,  $t_n = 2(3)^{n-1}$
- $t_n = 4(7)^{n-1}$ ,  $t_{10} = 161\ 414\ 428$
  - $t_1 = 108$ ,  $t_2 = 36$ , multiply by  $\frac{1}{3}$  to get next term
- Example: {5, 5, 5, ...}
- 35.44 units<sup>2</sup>
- $(a, b) = (1, -6)$  or  $(a, b) = (16, 24)$
- $\frac{-b^8}{a^7}$