

Lesson 35 – Characteristics of Exponential Functions

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Review of Exponent Laws

17) $\frac{2k^3 \cdot k^2}{k^{-3}}$

18) $\frac{(x^{-3})^4 x^4}{2x^{-3}}$

19) $\frac{(2x)^{-4}}{x^{-1} \cdot x}$

20) $\frac{(2x^2 z^3)^3}{x^3 y^4 z^2 \cdot x^{-4} z^3}$

21) $\frac{(2pm^{-1}q^0)^{-4} \cdot 2m^{-1}p^3}{2pq^2}$

22) $\frac{(2hj^2k^{-2} \cdot h^4j^{-3}k^4)^0}{2h^{-3}j^{-4}k^{-2}}$

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(A) Modeling Example

- The following data table shows the relationship between the time (elapsed from when I first poured the water into my coffee cup) and the temperature of my coffee:

<http://mrsantowski.tripod.com/IBSLY2/Assignments/NEWTONSLAWDATA.htm>

- (a) Graph the data on a scatter plot
- (b) How can you graphically analyze the data to help determine a model for the data?
- (c) How can you numerically analyze the data to help determine a model for the data?
- (d) Write an equation to model the data. Justify your choice of models.

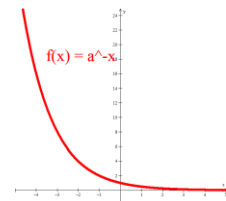
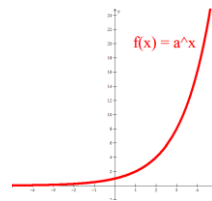
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(B) Exponential Parent Functions

- The features of the parent exponential function $y = a^x$ (where $a > 1$) are as follows:
- The features of the parent exponential function $y = a^{-x}$ (where $0 < a < 1$) are as follows:



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(B) Exponential Parent Functions

- The features of the parent exponential function $y = a^x$ (where $a > 1$) are as follows:
 - Domain →
 - Range →
 - Intercept →
 - Increase/decrease on →
 - Asymptote →
 - As $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow$
 - As $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow$
- The features of the parent exponential function $y = a^x$ (where $0 < a < 1$) are as follows:
 - Domain →
 - Range →
 - Intercept →
 - Increase/decrease on →
 - Asymptote →
 - As $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow$
 - As $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow$

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(C) Transforming Exponential Functions

- Recall what information is being communicated about the function $y = f(x)$ by the transformational formula

$$y = af(b(x+c)) + d$$

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(C) Transforming Exponential Functions

- You will be divided into groups and each group will investigate the effect of changing the parameters on the characteristics of the function

$$y = aZ^{b(x+c)} + d$$

- Where:

Group	a	Z	b	c	d
1	$a > 1$	$Z > 0$	$b > 1$	$c > 0$	$d > 0$
2	$a < -1$	$Z > 0$	$0 < b < 1$	$c < 0$	$d > 0$
3	$0 < a < 1$	$Z > 0$	$b < -1$	$c > 0$	$d > 0$
4	$-1 < a < 0$	$Z > 0$	$-1 < b < 0$	$c > 0$	$d < 0$
5	$a > 1$	$Z > 0$	$b < -1$	$c < 0$	$d < 0$

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(C) Transforming Exponential Functions

- Your analysis will involve:

- Domain →
- Range →
- Value of the Y Intercept →
- Value of the X-intercept →
- Increase/decrease on →
- Asymptote →
- As $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow$
- As $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow$

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(D) Exponential Modeling

- Investments grow exponentially as well according to the formula $A = P_0(1 + i)^n$. If you invest \$500 into an investment paying 7% interest compounded annually, what would be the total value of the investment after 5 years?
- (i) You invest \$5000 in a stock that grows at a rate of 12% per annum compounded quarterly. The value of the stock is given by the equation $V = 5000(1 + 0.12/4)^{4x}$, or $V = 5000(1.03)^{4x}$ where x is measured in years.
 - (a) Find the value of the stock in 6 years.
 - (b) Find when the stock value is \$14,000

Homework

- From the Larson Text:
- Section 3.1, p185, Q15-22,35,37,35,57,63-70
- If you have the time and interest, graph any of the equations presented in Q39-54