

## Lesson 15 – Algebra of Quadratics – The Quadratic Formula

Math 2 Honors - Santowski

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### Fast Five

- (1) If  $f(x) = x^2 + kx + 3$ , determine the value(s) of  $k$  for which the minimum value of the function is an integer. Explain your reasoning
- (2) If  $y = -4x^2 + kx - 1$ , determine the value(s) of  $k$  for which the maximum value of the function is an integer. Explain your reasoning

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### Lesson Objectives

- Express a quadratic function in standard form and use the quadratic formula to find its zeros
- Determine the number of real solutions for a quadratic equation by using the discriminant
- Find and classify all roots of a quadratic equation

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### (A) Solving Equations using C/S

- Given the equation  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , determine the zeroes of  $f(x)$
- i.e. Solve  $0 = ax^2 + bx + c$  by completing the square

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### (A) Solving Equations using C/S

- If you solve  $0 = ax^2 + bx + c$  by completing the square, your solution should look familiar:

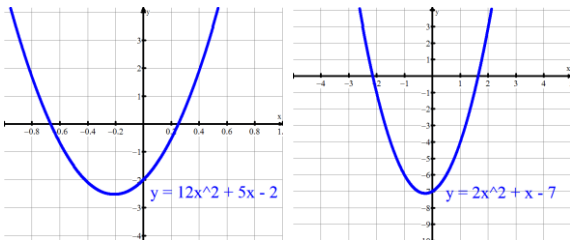
$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

- Which we know as the quadratic formula
- Now, PROVE that the equation of the axis of symmetry is  $x = -b/2a$

### (B) Examples

- Solve  $12x^2 + 5x - 2 = 0$  using the Q/F. Then rewrite the equation in factored form and in vertex form
- Determine the roots of  $f(x) = 2x^2 + x - 7$  using the Q/F. Then rewrite the equation in factored form and in vertex form
- Given the quadratic function  $f(x) = x^2 - 10x - 3$ , determine the distance between the roots and the axis of symmetry. What do you notice?
- Determine the distance between the roots and the axis of symmetry of  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5x + 1$

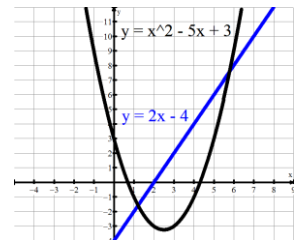
### (B) Examples



### (B) Examples

- Solve the system

$$\begin{cases} y = x^2 - 5x + 3 \\ y = 2x - 4 \end{cases}$$



## (B) Examples

- Solve the equation and graphically verify the 2 solutions

$$\frac{1}{x+3} + \frac{1}{x+1} = 1$$

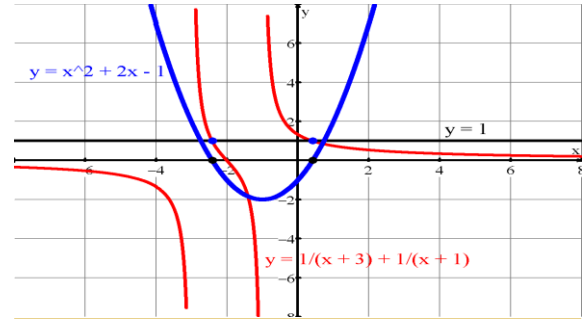
- Find the roots of  $9(x-3)^2 - 16(x+1)^2 = 0$
- Solve  $6(x-1)^2 - 5(x-1)(x+2) - 6(x+2)^2 = 0$

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## (B) Examples



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## (C) The Discriminant

- Within the Q/F, the expression  $b^2 - 4ac$  is referred to as the discriminant
- We can use the discriminant to classify the "nature of the roots" → a quadratic function will have either 2 distinct, real roots, one real root, or no real roots → this can be determined by finding the value of the discriminant
- The discriminant will have one of 3 values:
  - $b^2 - 4ac > 0$  → which means →
  - $b^2 - 4ac = 0$  → which means →
  - $b^2 - 4ac < 0$  → which means →

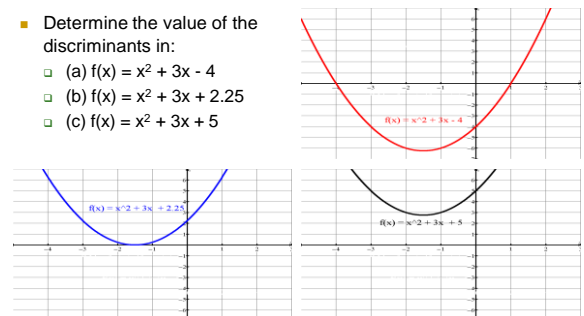
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## (C) The Discriminant

- Determine the value of the discriminants in:
  - (a)  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 4$
  - (b)  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 2.25$
  - (c)  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 5$



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## (D) Examples

- Based on the discriminant, indicate how many and what type of solutions there would be given the following equations:

- (a)  $3x^2 + x + 10 = 0$
- (b)  $x^2 - 8x = -16$
- (c)  $3x^2 = -7x - 2$

- Verify your results using (i) an alternate algebraic method and (ii) graphically

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## (D) Examples

- Solve the system for  $m$  such that there exists only one unique solution

$$\begin{cases} y = x^2 + 4x + 6 \\ y = mx + 5 \end{cases}$$

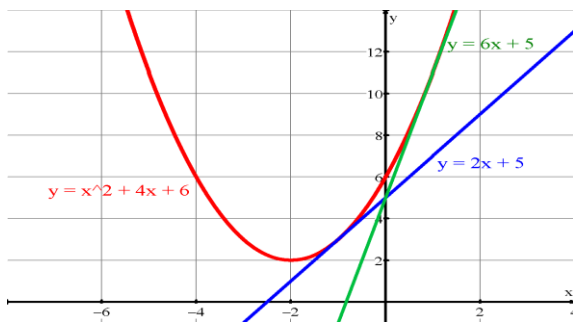
- The line(s)  $y = mx + 5$  are called tangent lines → WHY?
- Now, determine the average rate of change on the parabola (slope of the line segment) between  $x_1 = a$  and  $x_2 = a + 0.001$  where  $(a,b)$  represents the intersection point of the line and the parabola
- Compare this value to  $m$ .
- What do you notice?

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## (D) Examples



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## (D) Examples

- Determine the value of  $W$  such that  $f(x) = Wx^2 + 2x - 5$  has one real root. Verify your solution (i) graphically and (ii) using an alternative algebraic method.
- Determine the value of  $b$  such that  $f(x) = 2x^2 + bx - 8$  has no solutions. Explain the significance of your results.
- Determine the value of  $b$  such that  $f(x) = 2x^2 + bx + 8$  has no solutions.
- Determine the value of  $c$  such that  $f(x) = x^2 + 4x + c$  has 2 distinct real roots.
- Determine the value of  $c$  such that  $f(x) = x^2 + 4x + c$  has 2 distinct real rational roots.

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### (E) Examples – Equation Writing and Forms of Quadratic Equations

- (1) Write the equation of the parabola that has zeroes of  $-3$  and  $2$  and passes through the point  $(4,5)$ .
- (2) Write the equation of the parabola that has a vertex at  $(4, -3)$  and passes through  $(2, -15)$ .
- (3) Write the equation of the parabola that has a  $y$  – intercept of  $-2$  and passes through the points  $(1, 0)$  and  $(-2,12)$ .

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### (F) Homework

- p. 311 # 11-21 odds, 39-47 odds, 48-58

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